

'A movement detector for detecting movement of a body includes a light sensor, a kaleidoscopic mirror and a lens for projecting a multiple image of the space onto the sensor. The movement detector is very sensitive and has a very small diameter.'

A marked-up copy of the ABSTRACT showing the changes made is appended hereto.

## In the Specification:

Please insert the following heading after the title and before the first paragraph on page 1 of the Specification:



### 'BACKGROUND OF THE INVENTION'

Please insert the following heading between the fourth and fifth paragraphs on page 1 of the Specification:



# 'OBJECTS AND SUMMARY OF THE INVENTION'

Please insert the following heading before the first paragraph on page 3 of the Specification:

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### 'BRIEF DESCRIPTION OF THE DRAWING'

Please insert the following heading between the fourth and fifth paragraphs on page 3 of the Specification:



### 'DESCRIPTION OF THE PREFERRED EMBODIMENTS'

Please replace the third paragraph on page 1 of the Specification with the following:

'It is a drawback of the known movement detector that the lenses that are fitted underneath the ceiling must have a given cross-section and hence occupy a comparatively large surface area of a diameter of a few centimeters, so that the movement detector can be easily discovered by an unwanted person, such as a burglar. Moreover, such a comparatively large detector is experienced as a displeasing element on the ceiling.'

Please replace the last paragraph on page 1, extending onto page 2 of the Specification with the following:



'To this end, the optical means include a mirror assembly having a kaleidoscopic effect. Because of the kaleidoscopic effect,

the space is imaged onto the sensor in multiple form and, when the mirror assembly forms a closed circumference, in principle in an infinite multiple, so that a very accurate sensor can be realized. The movement detector can be arranged in the ceiling in such a manner that only the mirror assembly projects from the ceiling. The cross-section of this mirror assembly need only amount to a few millimeters only, so that the detector can hardly be noticed. The mirror assembly preferably constitutes an elongate body whose reflecting surface faces inwards. This body may be hollow and be formed by mirrors; it may also be formed by a solid body that is transparent to the relevant light, for example a glass body whose side faces constitute inwards facing mirrors, either by interface reflection or by way of an externally deposited mirror layer. An assembly of mirrors having a kaleidoscopic effect is known per se and described, for example in the patent documents GB-A-2 228 098 and JP-A-7 236 775.

Please replace the first paragraph on page 3 of the Specification with the following:



'The invention will be described in detail hereinafter with reference to the embodiments shown in the Figures; wherein:

A marked-up copy of the above paragraphs showing the changes made is appended hereto.